

Research Objects and WS Characterization

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Wf4Ever

Advanced Workflow Preservation Technologies for Enhanced Science



1. Intelligent Software Components (Spain)
2. University of Manchester
3. Universidad Politécnica de Valencia (Spain)
4. Poznan Supercomputing Centre
5. University of Oxford (UK)
6. Institut de Ciències de Catalunya (Spain)
7. Leiden University (Netherlands)

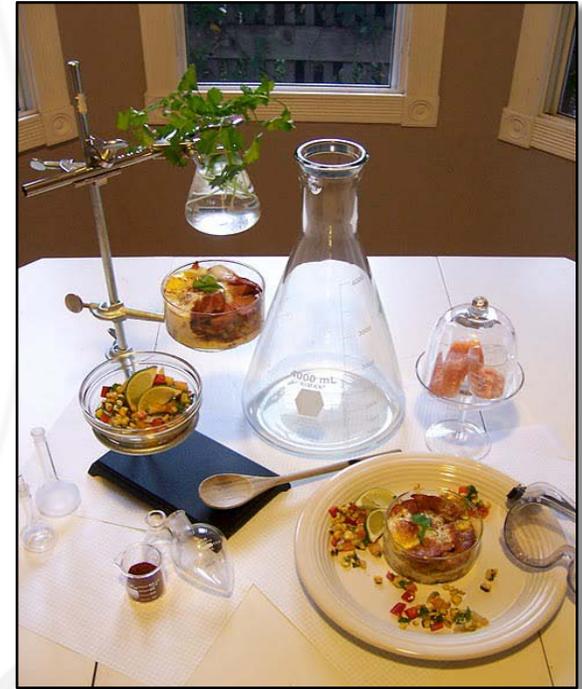
**Reproducible
Science**

**Web-services
based Workflows**



Astronomy research lifecycle is **entirely digital**

- » Observation proposals 
- » Data reduction pipelines
- » Analysis of science ready data
- » Catalogs of objects and data
- » Publish process 
 - › Final data results
 - › Experiment in DL
ADS/arXiv



Reproducible research is still not possible in a digital world

A normalized preservation of methodology is needed

Efficient use of rich data infrastructure (VO) may be improved



Efficiency and Reuse

Optimize return on investments made on big facilities

- » Avoid duplication of efforts and reinvention
- » How to discover and not duplicate ?
- » How to re-use and not duplicate ?
- » How to make use of best practices ?
- » How to use the rich infrastructure of data ?
- » **Intellectual contributions are encoded in soft**

More data in archives does not imply more knowledge

- » Time has come to go beyond the PDF
- » Expose complete scientific record, not the story
- » Allow easy discovery of methods and tools



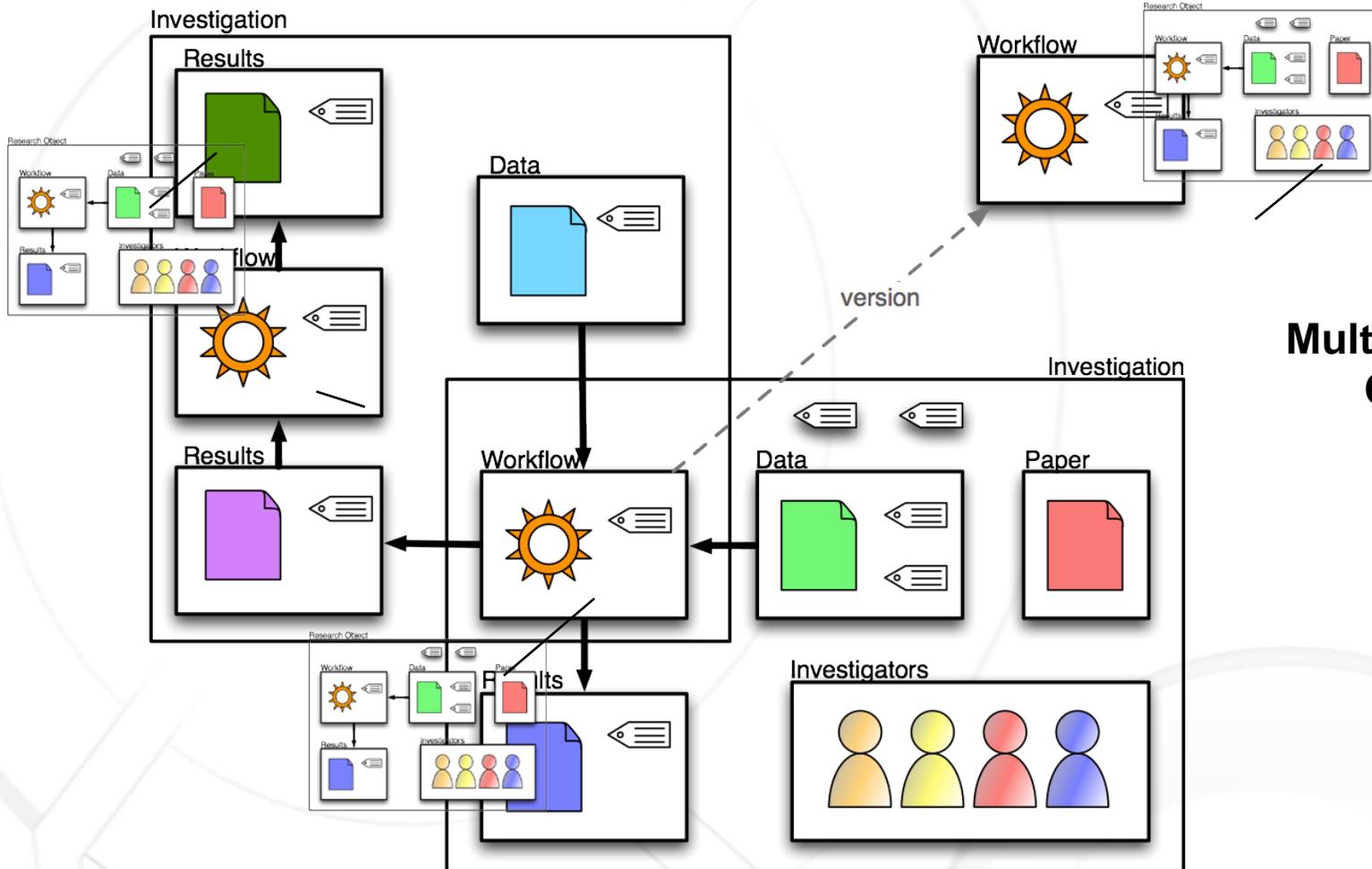
Barriers to Data and Code Sharing in Computational Science

Survey of Machine Learning Community, NIPS (Stodden, 2010):

Code	I don't know how	Data
77%	Time to document and clean	54%
52%	Dealing with questions from users	34%
44%	Not receiving attribution	42%
40%	Possibility of patents	-
34%	Legal Barriers (ie. copyright)	41%
-	Time to verify release with admin	38%
30%	Potential loss of future publications	35%
30%	Competitors may get an advantage	33%
20%	Web/disk space limitations	29%

Tools

Research Objects in Wf4Ever



**Multi Workflow
Centric**



**Technical Objects
Distributed**



Social Objects

RO Content

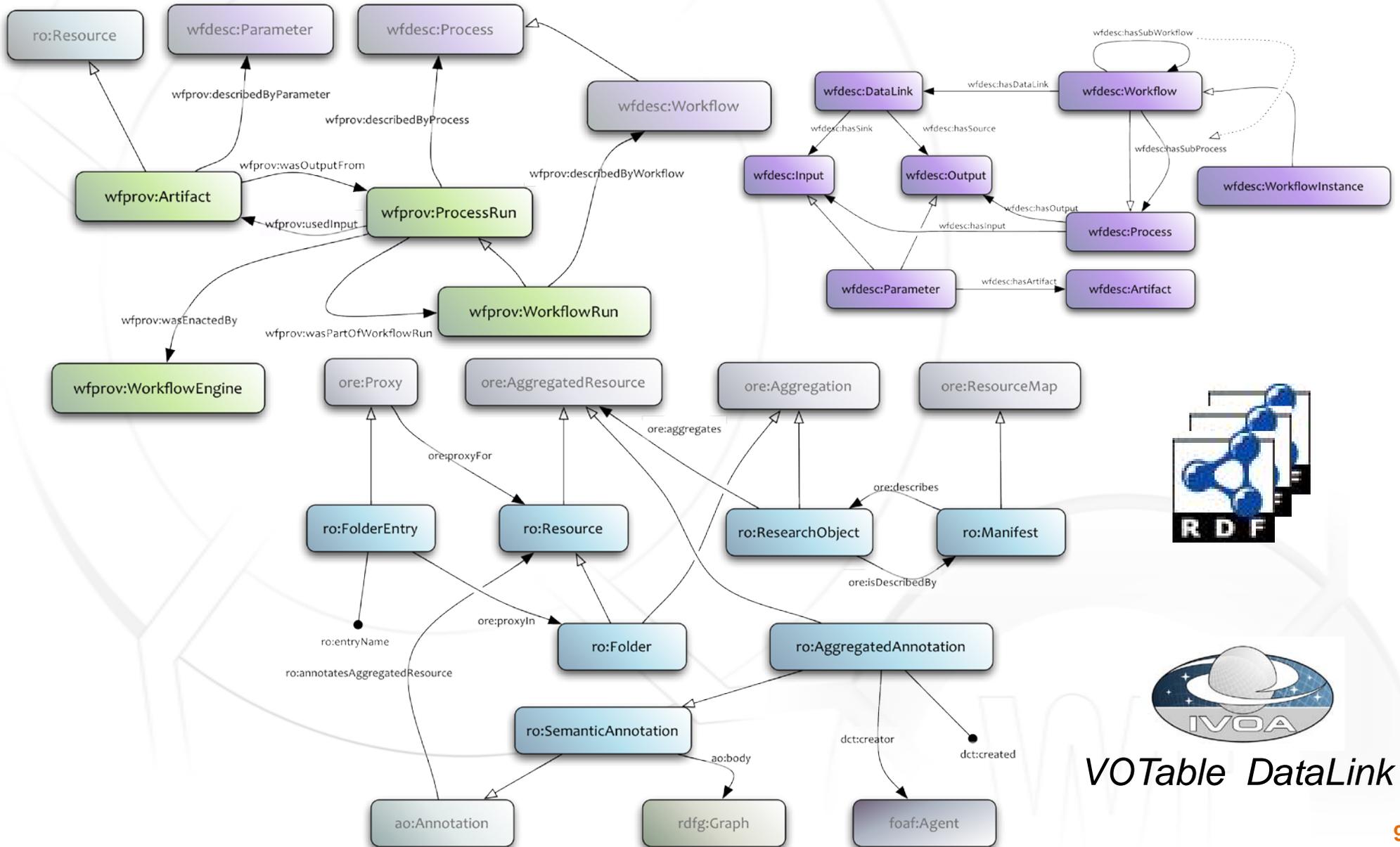
- › Process (workflows), data, external resources and bibliography
- › Execution environment set-up and local software dependencies
- › Experimental protocol followed
- › Roles, types and relationships among all digital components
- › Provenance of intermediate and final results
- › Decomposable attribution and authoring
- › Fine-grained access control and permissions
- › Example datasets for demonstration, reproducibility, monitoring, etc

RO Template

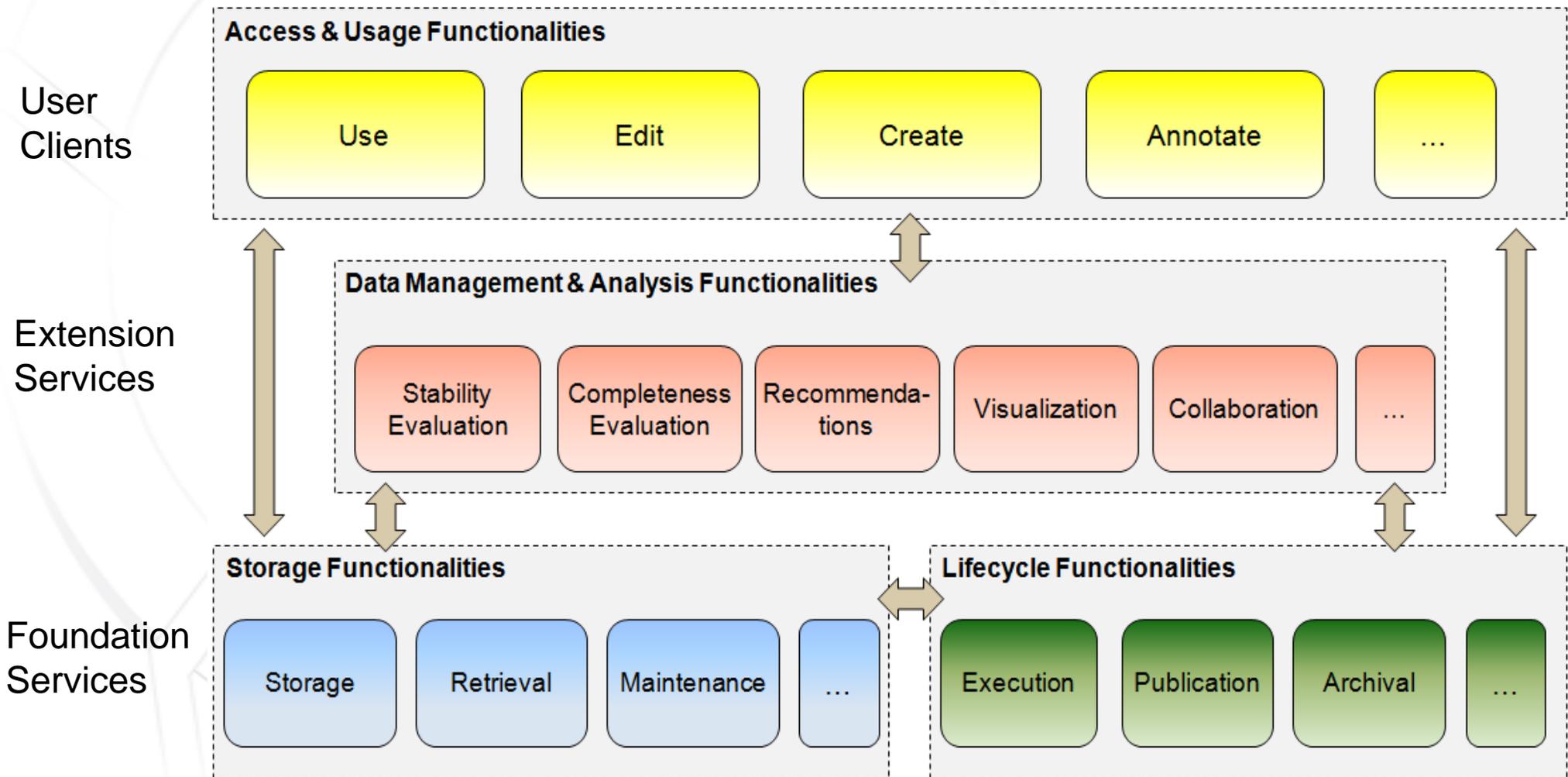
- › Placeholders to ease the aggregation process
- › Completeness checking/quality assessment

Semantic Annotations

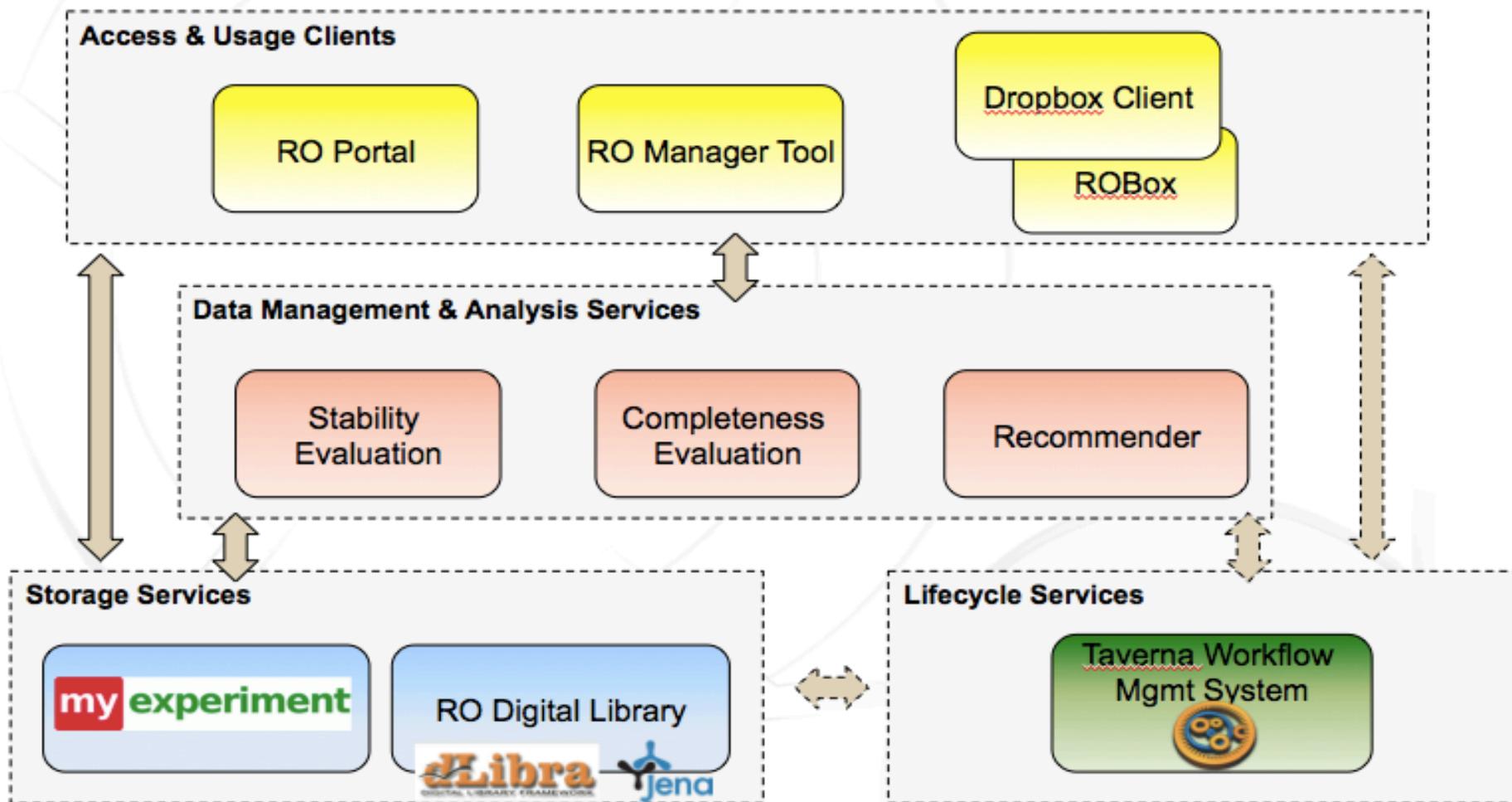
- » Author of an **annotation**
- » **Author and co-authors** of a **workflow**; reference link to a re-used workflow and its author
- » Who has performed the **execution** of a workflow leading to the results provided in the RO
- » Computing execution environment of the RO and local software **dependencies**
- » Special **access requirements** to web services
- » Datasets **provider**: person, webpage, survey, data release, etc.
- » How much **time** does it take to run a workflow using the full data and the provided subsample
- » The number of **elements** of the sample dataset where one workflow and/or RO iterates
- » Previous and subsequent workflows to be executed, as in the experimental **protocol**
- » Research institution, country, and scientific domain of the RO
- » The actual **size** of the RO and/or a folder
- » The **version** of a workflow



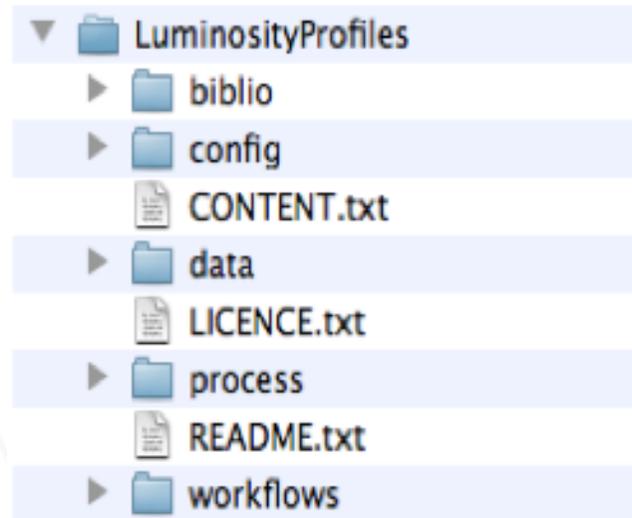
Research Object Digital Library Architecture



Research Object Digital Library Architecture



Luminosity Profiles RO



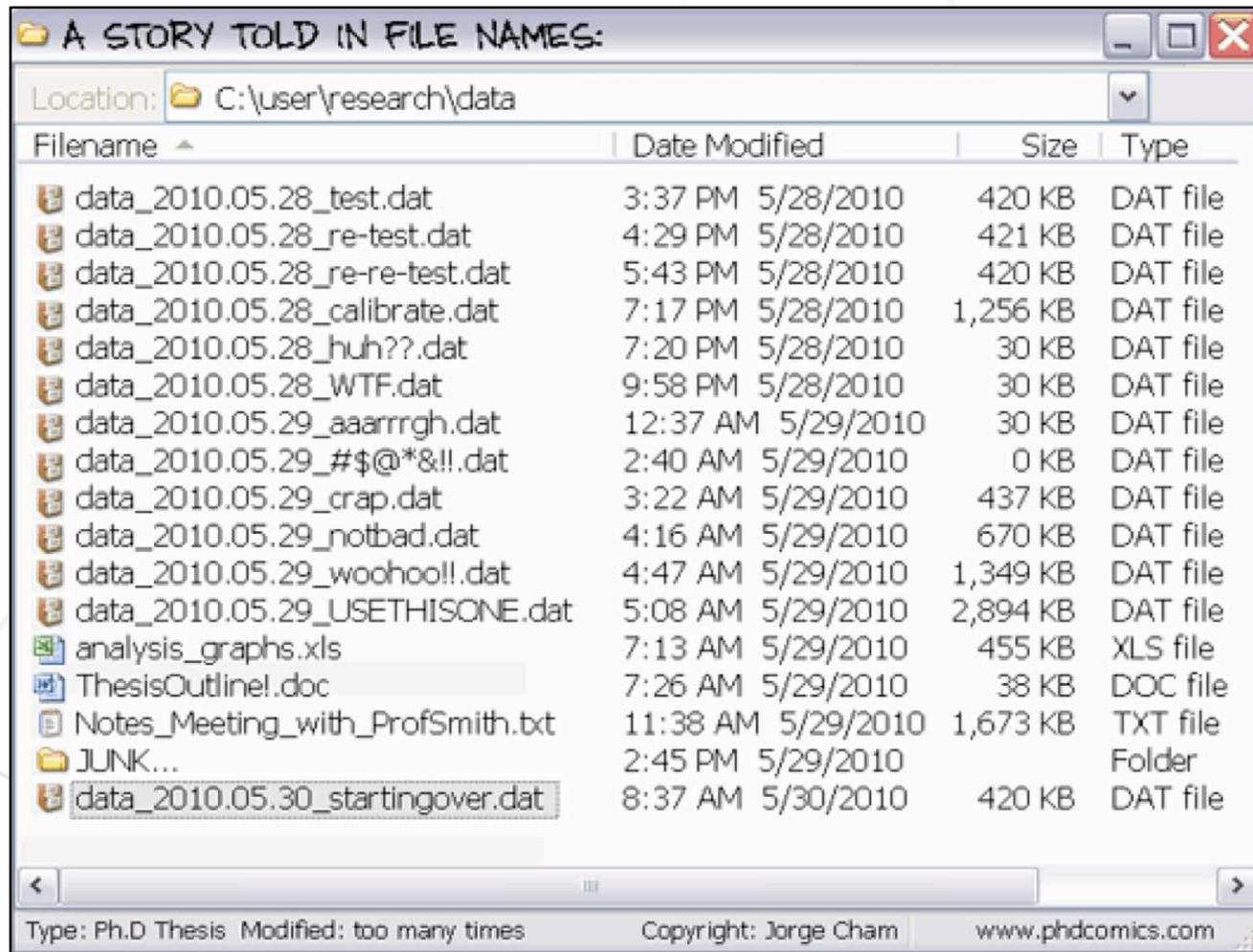
1010 Files, 200 MB
External Sources ~ 8 GB

5 Main Workflows, 14 Nested Workflows, 25 Scripts, 11 Configuration files
10 Software dependencies, 1 Web Service

Dataset: 90 galaxies observed in 3 bands

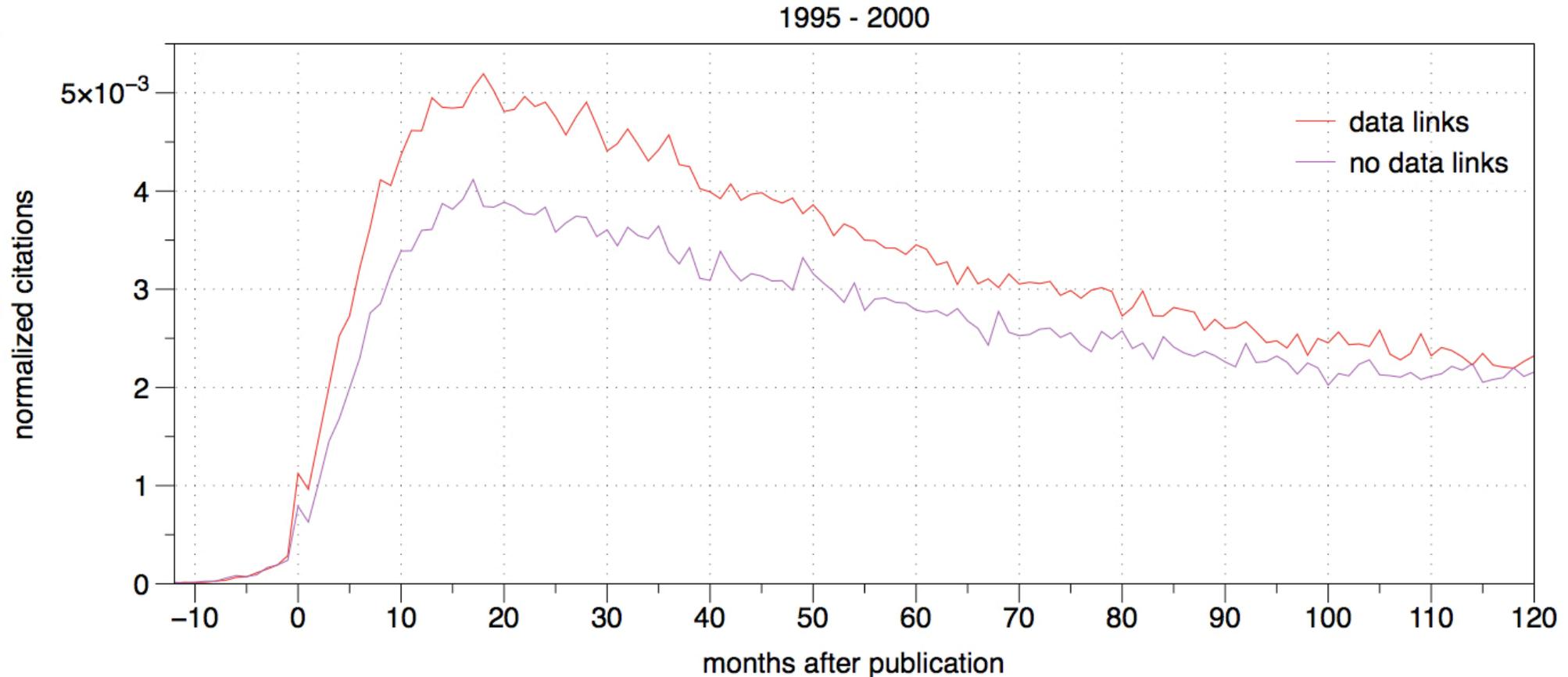
Reproducibility

When organization is better than automation



Credit and attribution

Papers with data links are cited more than those without



Effect of E-printing on Citation Rates in Astronomy and Physics
2006. Edwin A. Henneken et al.

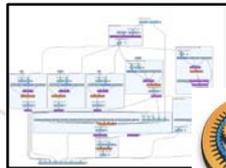
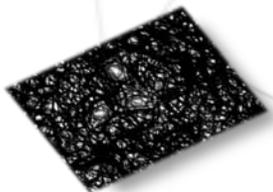
ADSLabs Research Objects

ADO Linked Components

- » Authors
- » Publications
- » Journals
- » Objects SIMBAD
- » Tabular data behind the plots CDS
- » ASCL reference of used software
- » Observing time Proposals
- » Used facilities, surveys or missions

The screenshot shows the 'ADS Labs Fulltext Search' page. It features a navigation bar with 'Home', 'Labs Home', 'ADS Classic', and 'Help'. A 'Limit your search' sidebar on the left lists filters: Author, Journal Abbreviation, Keyword, Publication Year, Refereed Status, Facility/Instrument, and Database. The main content area has a 'Welcome to ADSLabs Fulltext Service!' message and a search box with a 'Search' button. Below the search box are checkboxes for 'Refereed Only' and 'Disable Synonyms', and a field for 'Journal Abbreviation(s)'. The footer includes the Smithsonian Astrophysical Observatory logo, contact information, and social media links.

The screenshot shows the 'ADS Labs Streamlined Search' page. It features a navigation bar with 'Home', 'Labs Home', 'ADS Classic', 'Help', and 'Sign on'. A search box at the top has a dropdown menu set to 'Astronomy' and a 'SEARCH' button. Below the search box are 'Examples' and 'Sort by' options: Most recent, Most relevant, Most cited, and Most popular. There are also 'Explore the field' options: What people are reading, What experts are citing, and Reviews and introductory papers. A 'Return top' link and a results count of '200' are visible. A 'myADS articles' section on the right prompts the user to 'Please login to enable personal content.' The footer includes the Smithsonian Astrophysical Observatory logo, contact information, and social media links.



The next generation of archives

Much wider FoV and spectral coverage

- Huge sized datasets (~ tens TB)
- Big Data science highly dependent on I/O data rates
- Subproducts as **virtual data** generated on-the-fly

We are moving into a world where

- **computing and storage are cheap**
- **data movement is death**

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The **move computing to data** paradigm

Archives should evolve from data providers into **services providers**, where web services may help to solve bandwidth issues.

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Data Discovery

Data Access

Data Management

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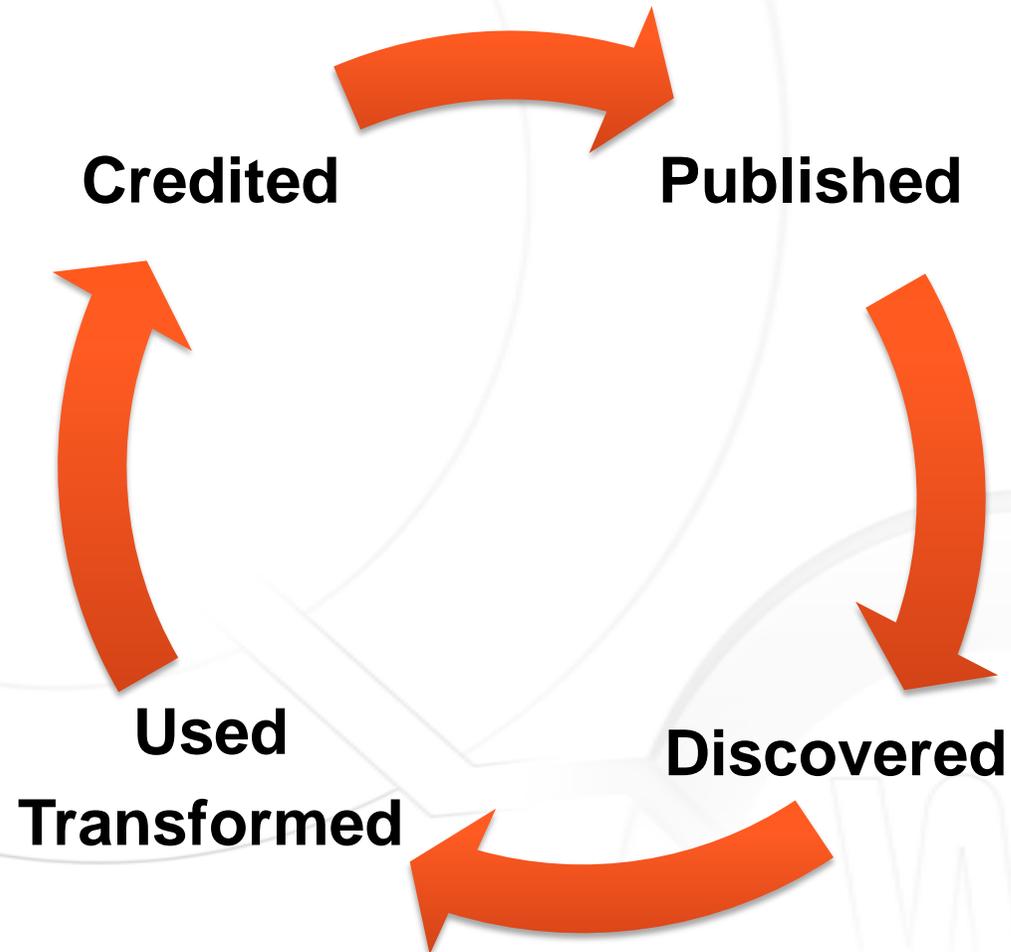
Web Services Discovery

Web Services Access

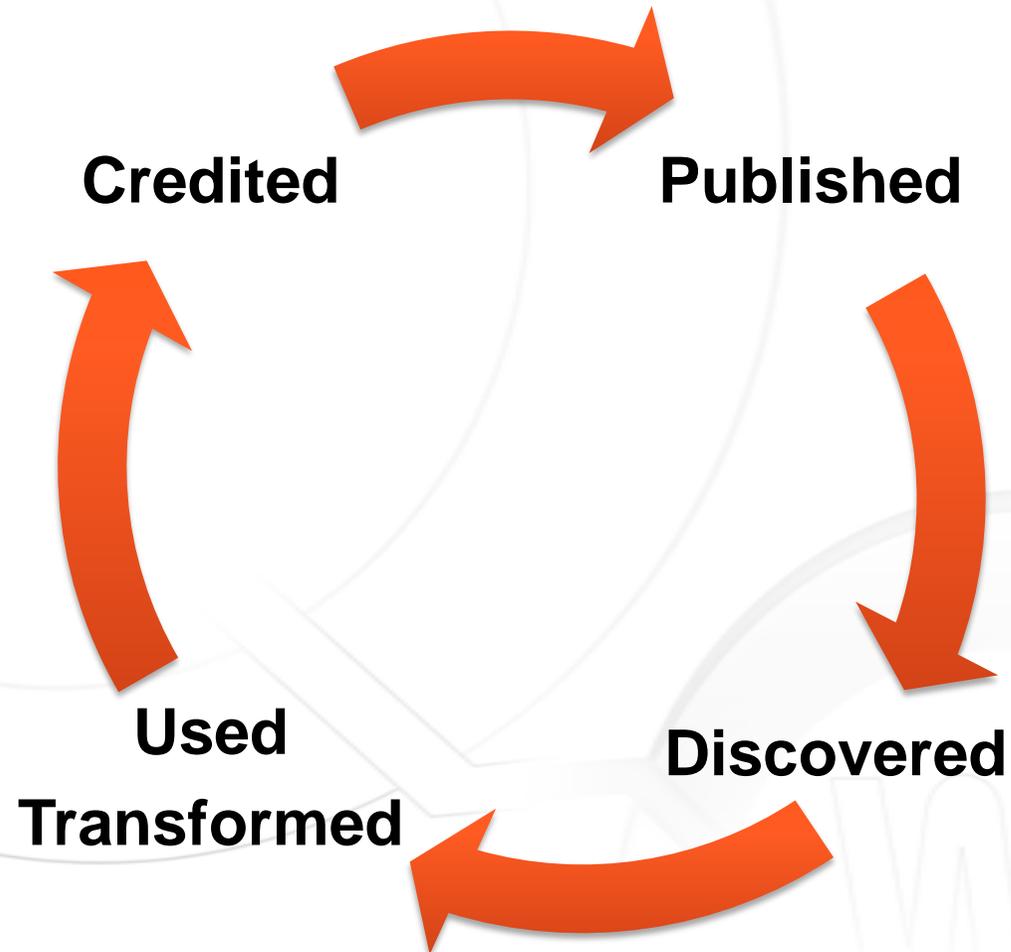
Web Services Management



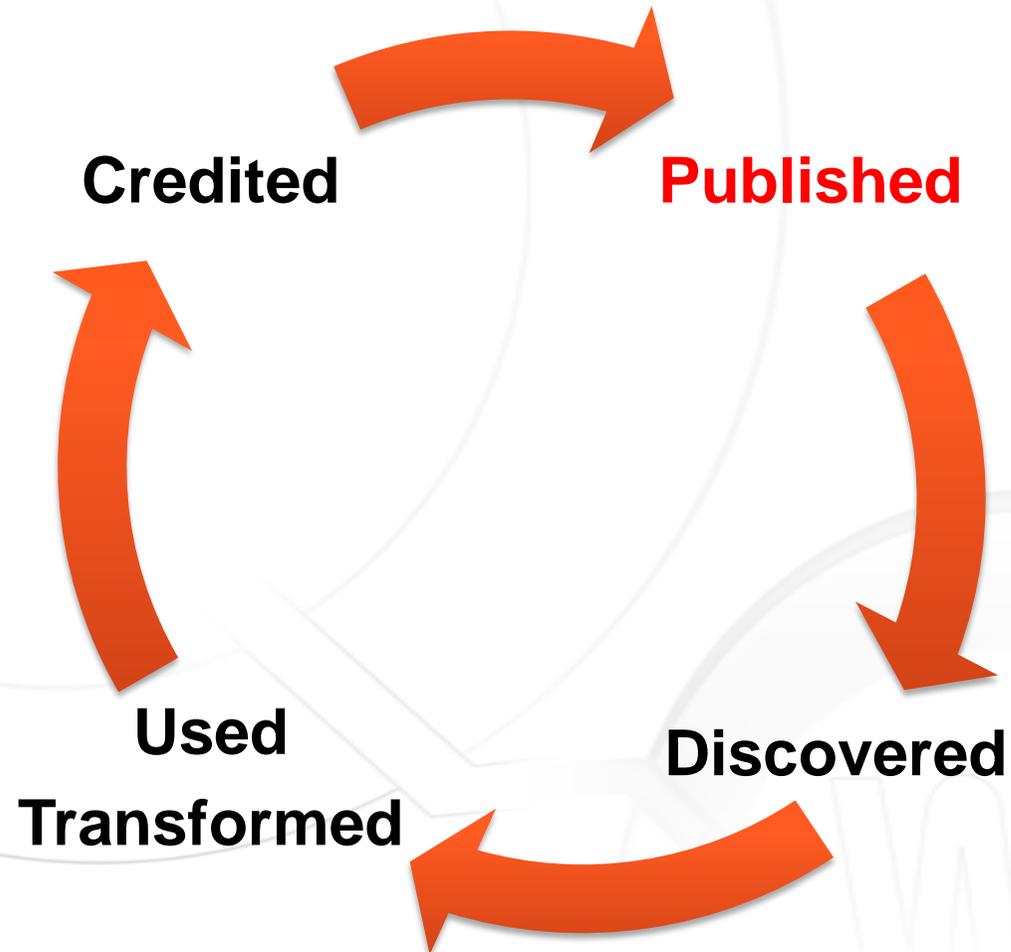
The Data Lifecycle



The **Service** Lifecycle



The **Service** Lifecycle



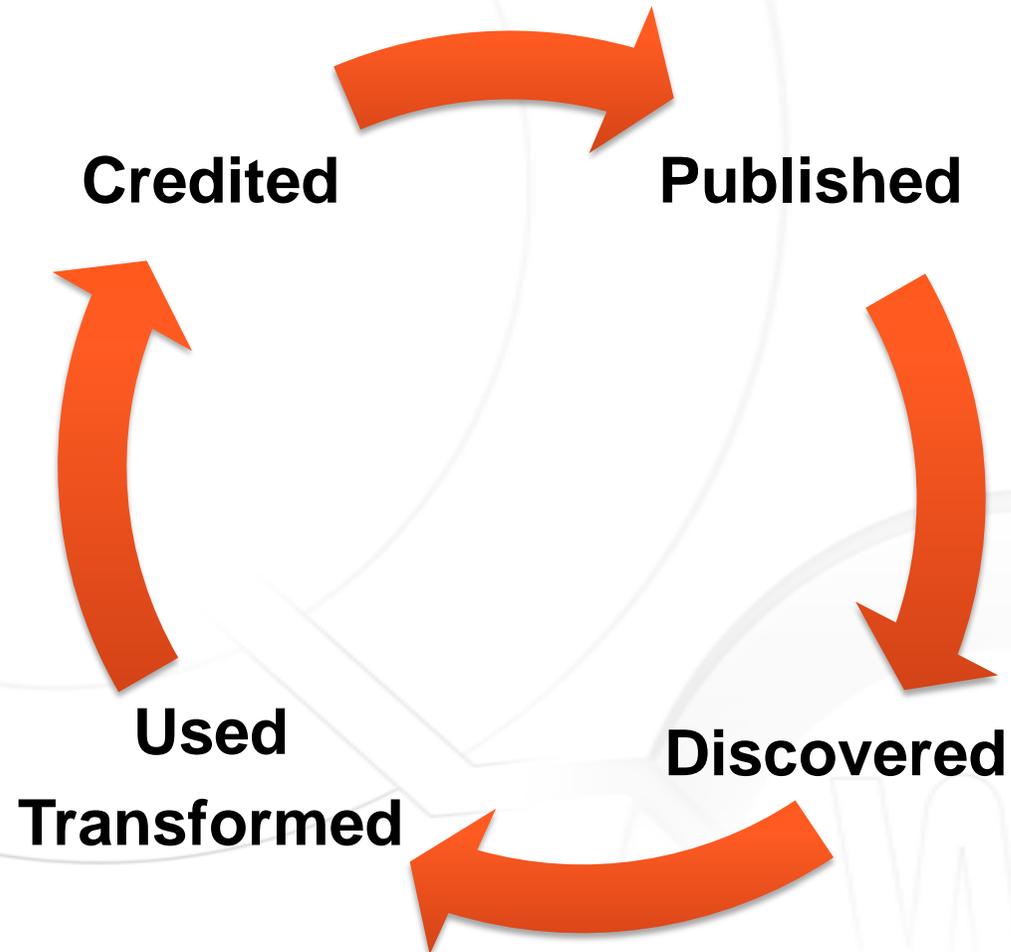
Published

- The VO Registry
- Easier to publish services than datasets in the VO ?
- WS are not exclusive property of big data archives
- Publication is not Preservation
- Backup strategies
- Replication/Mirrors
- Versioning
- Software Publishing Platforms

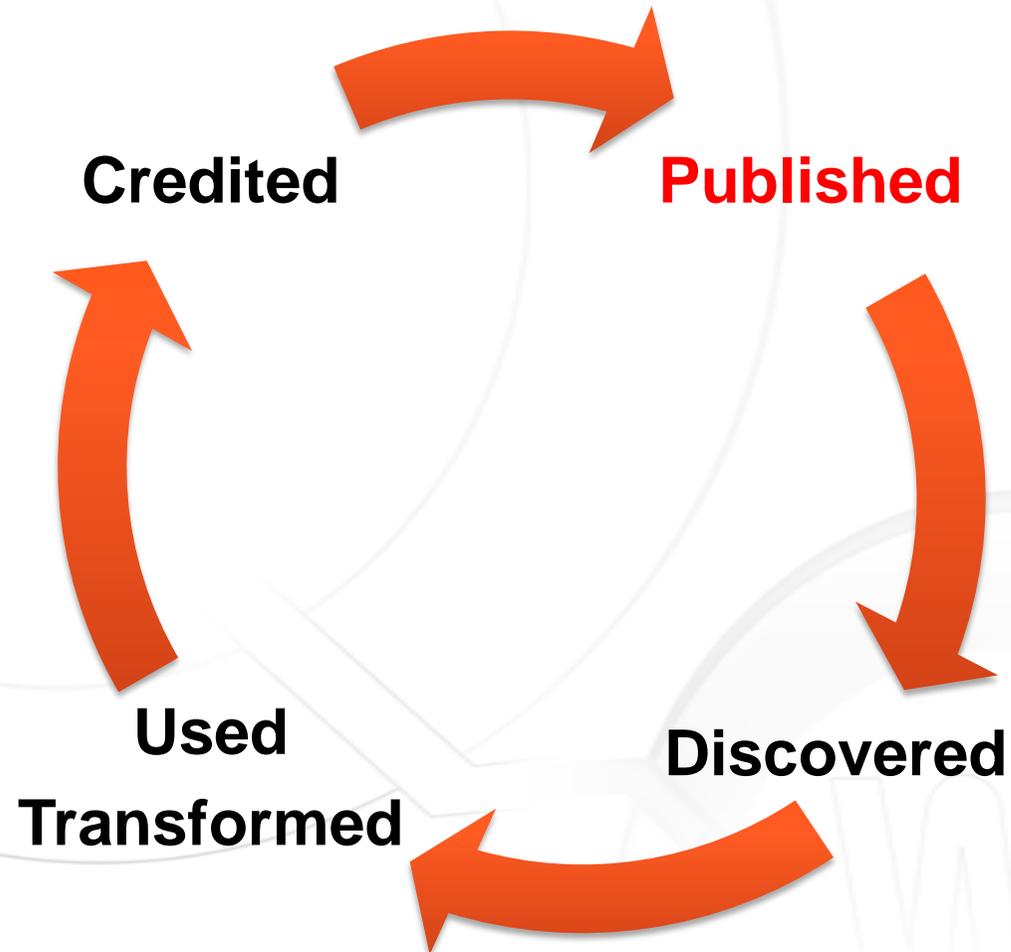


The image shows two overlapping screenshots of the Publishing Registry Portal. The top screenshot is the 'Register a New Publisher' form, which includes instructions and a 'Next' button. The bottom screenshot is the 'Insert a New Resource' form, which has a sidebar menu with options like 'Resource', 'Organisation', 'Authority', 'Data Collection', 'Service', 'Registry', 'Table Service', 'Data Service', 'Catalog Service', 'Cone Search (CS)', 'Open Sky Node (OSN)', 'Simple Image Access (SIAP)', 'Frodo Spectral Access (PSAP)', 'Simple Spectral Access (SSAP)', 'Simple Line Access (SLAP)', and 'Theoretical Spectral Access (TSAP)'. The main form area contains fields for 'Resource Type : Service', 'Title', 'Identifier', 'Short Name', 'Status' (with radio buttons for Active, Inactive, Deleted), 'Password', 'Resource Curation', 'Publisher', 'Publisher ID', 'Creator', 'Name', 'Name ID', and 'Log'.

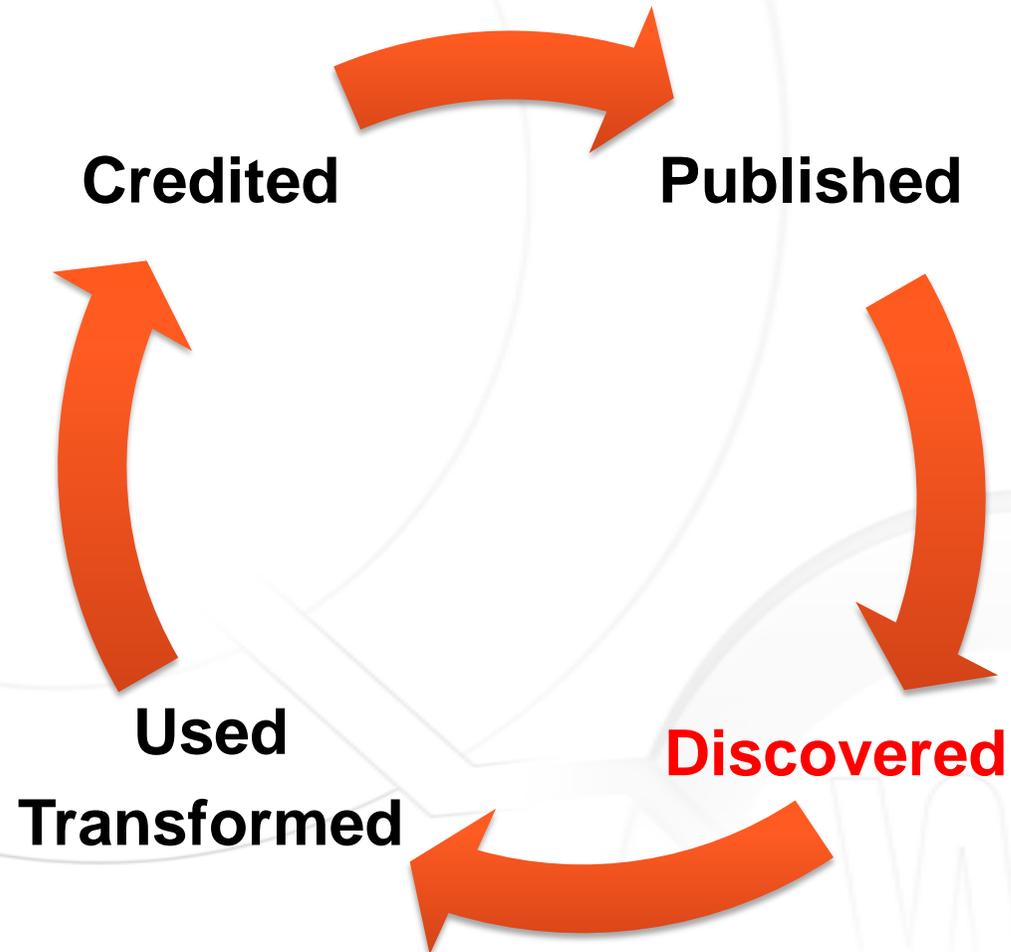
The **Service** Lifecycle



The **Service** Lifecycle



The **Service** Lifecycle



Discovered

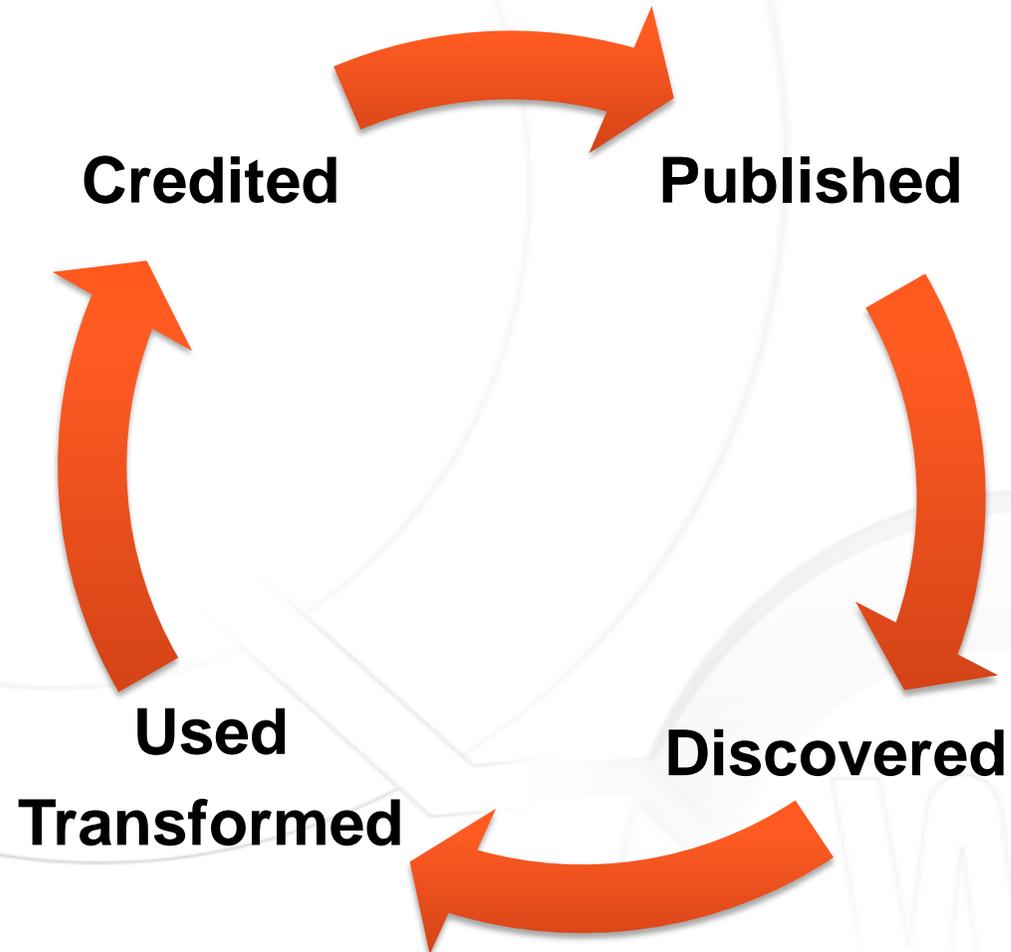
- **Search Criteria**

- Relevant Keywords (Semantics)
- Authoring - Institution, Archive
- Waveband, Science
- Function-based
 - VO Services mainly focused on Data Discovery and Access (DAL)
 - Wrapped Legacy Apps and Data Processing (SIAv2, Theory IG)
 - KDD IG
- Input/Output Data (TAP, UTypes, VOSI #tables)
- Access Policy (Authentication – SSO, OAuth)
- A-Synchrony (SOAP, REST) and Stage Data (VOSpace)
- Allocation of CPU/Storage, Estimated Computing Time

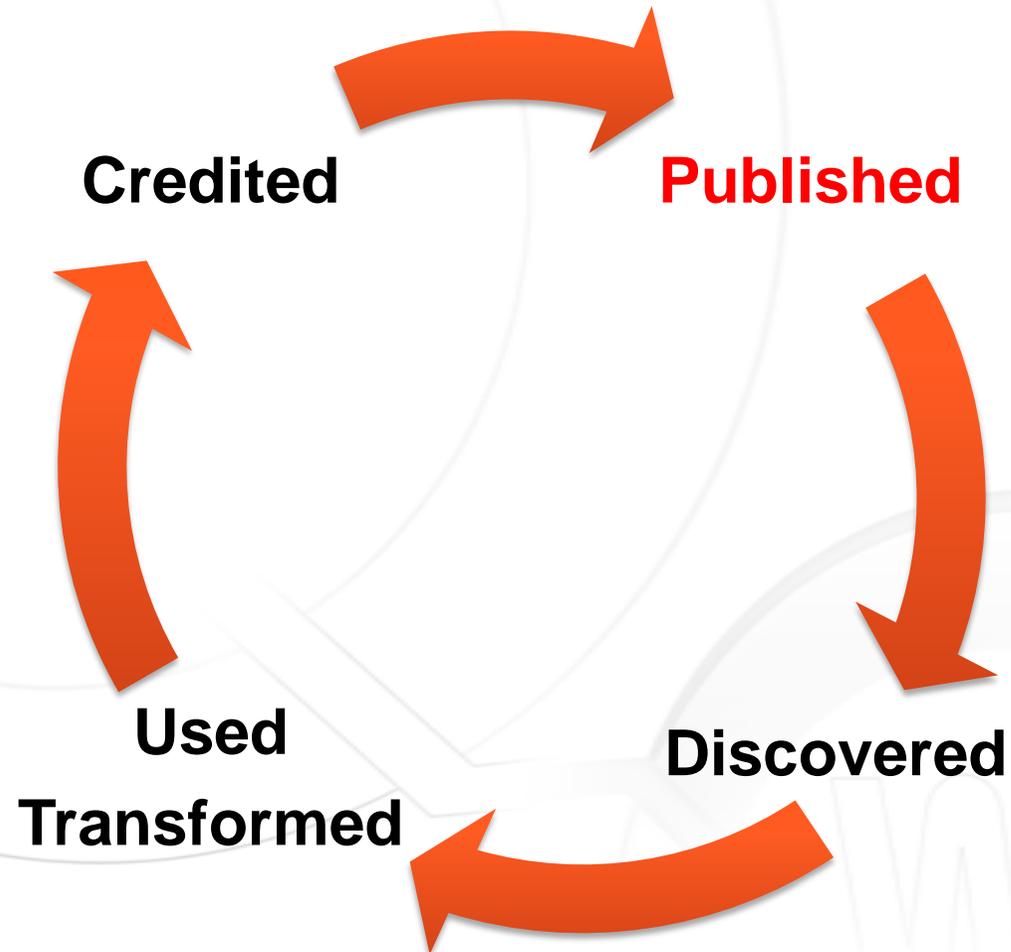


- **Proposition of alternatives and similars**

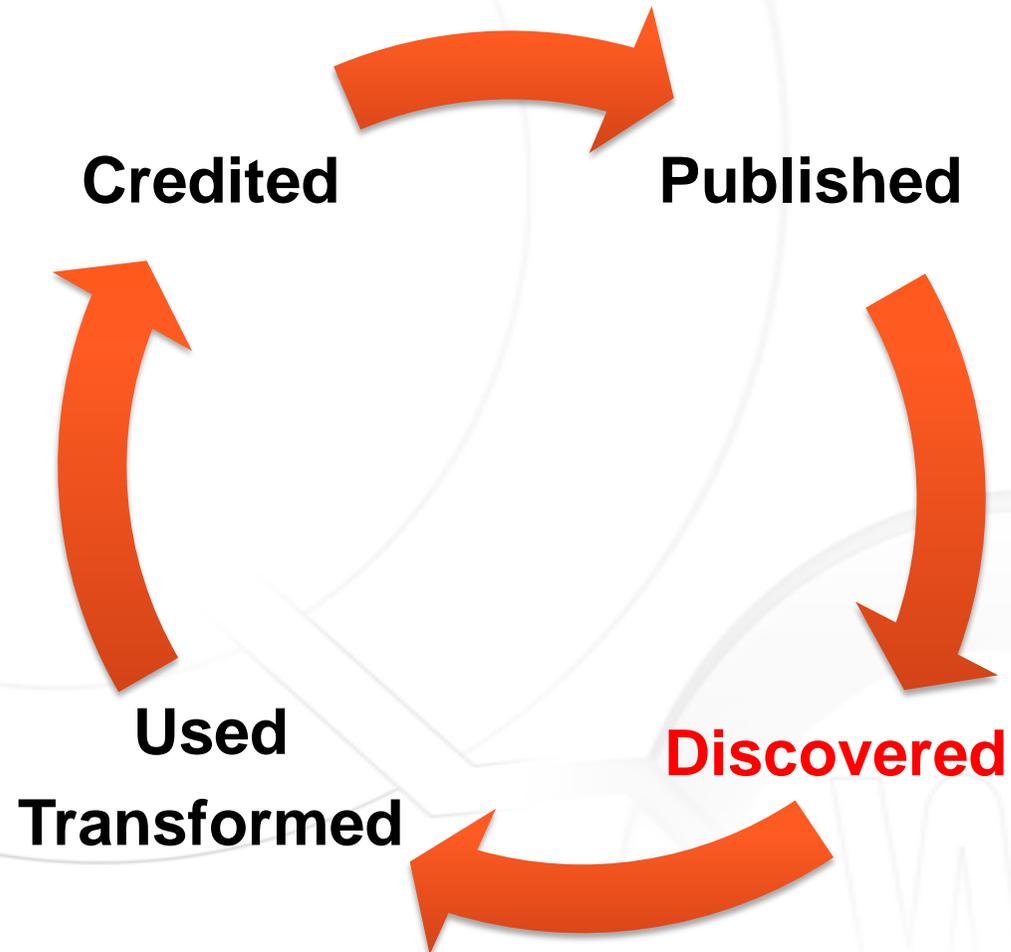
The **Service** Lifecycle



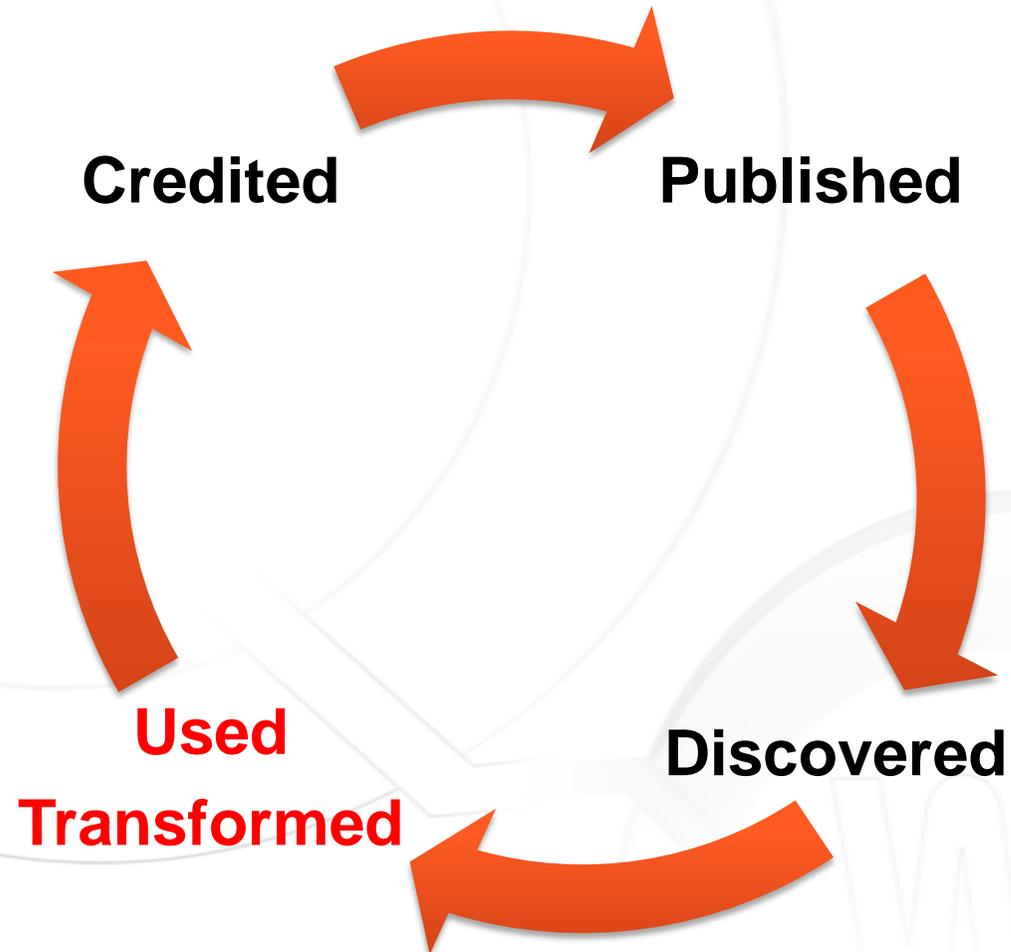
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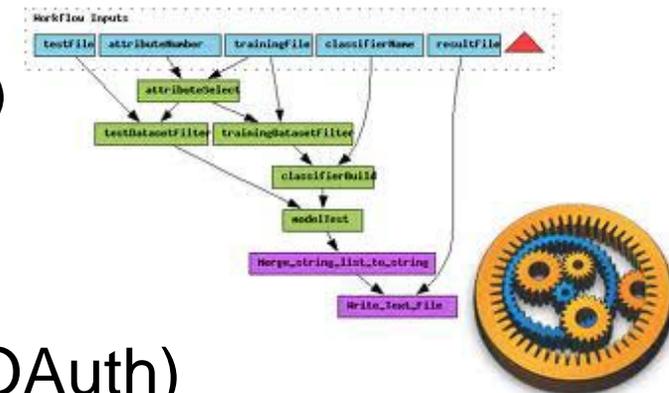


The **Service** Lifecycle

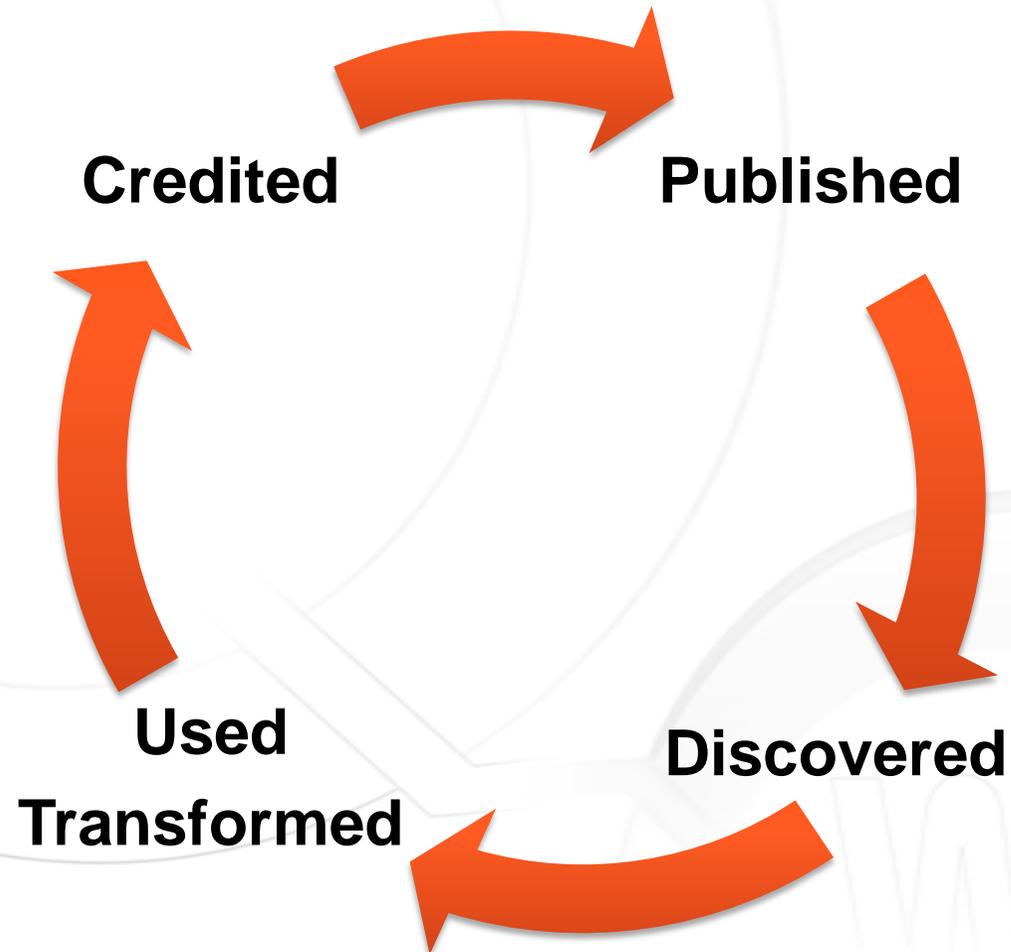


Used and Transformed

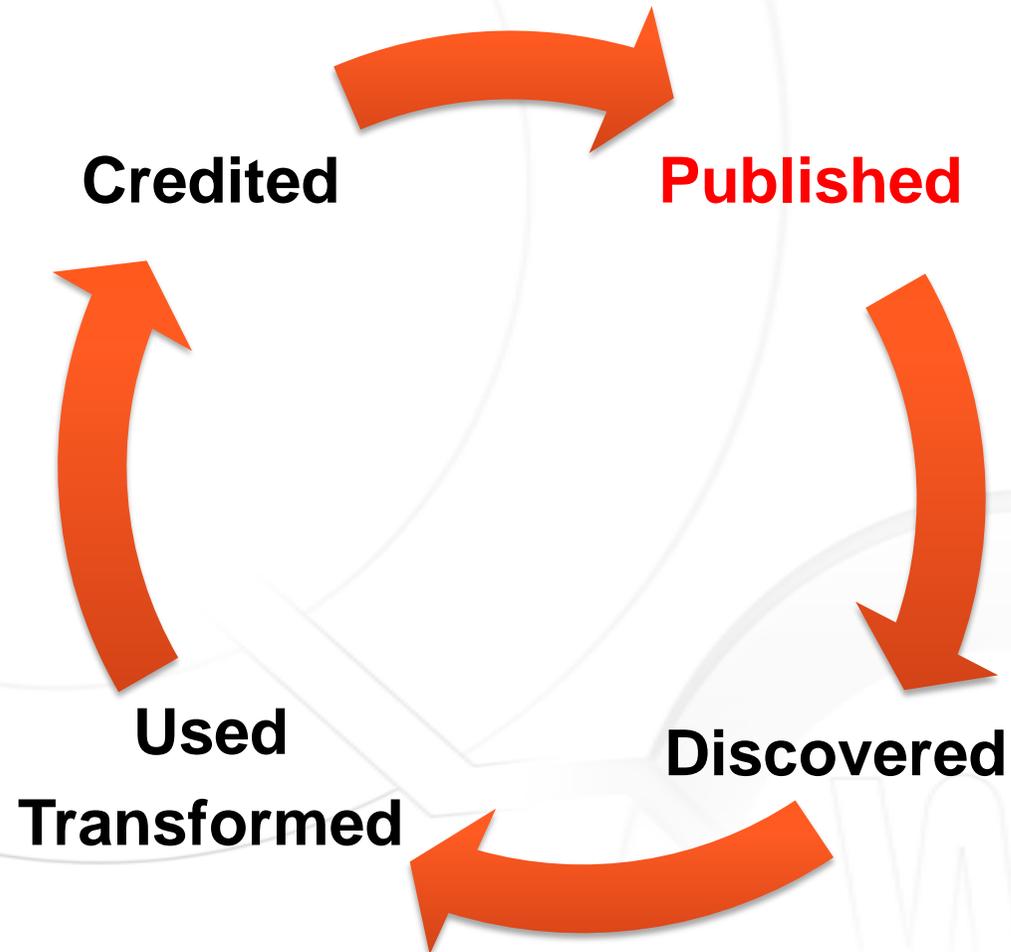
- **How to use them ?** (WADL, WSDL – VOSI #capabilities)
 - Input Data -> Parameters needed and formats
 - Self-described WS (PDL, S3, SimDAL, SimDB)
 - Output Data -> Response format - TAP
 - Example Data, Self-Consistency Checking
- Access Policy (**Authentication** – SSO, OAuth)
- **WS orchestration in Workflows** (Data-flow vs. Control-flow)
- How the **community** uses WS ?
- Propositions based on patterns of statistical use or popularity
- **Provenance** of the methods is Wf-evolution by re-use
- Consumed by Humans and Machines - **Interoperable** (WS-I)



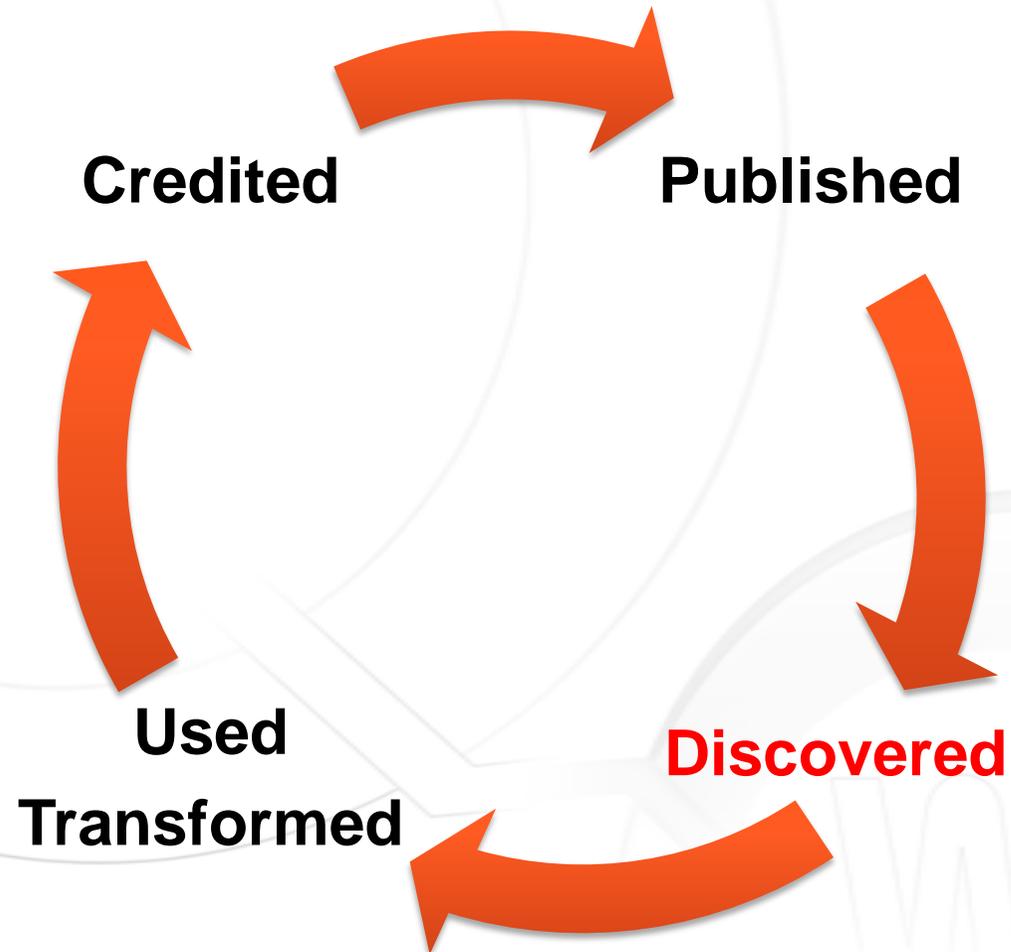
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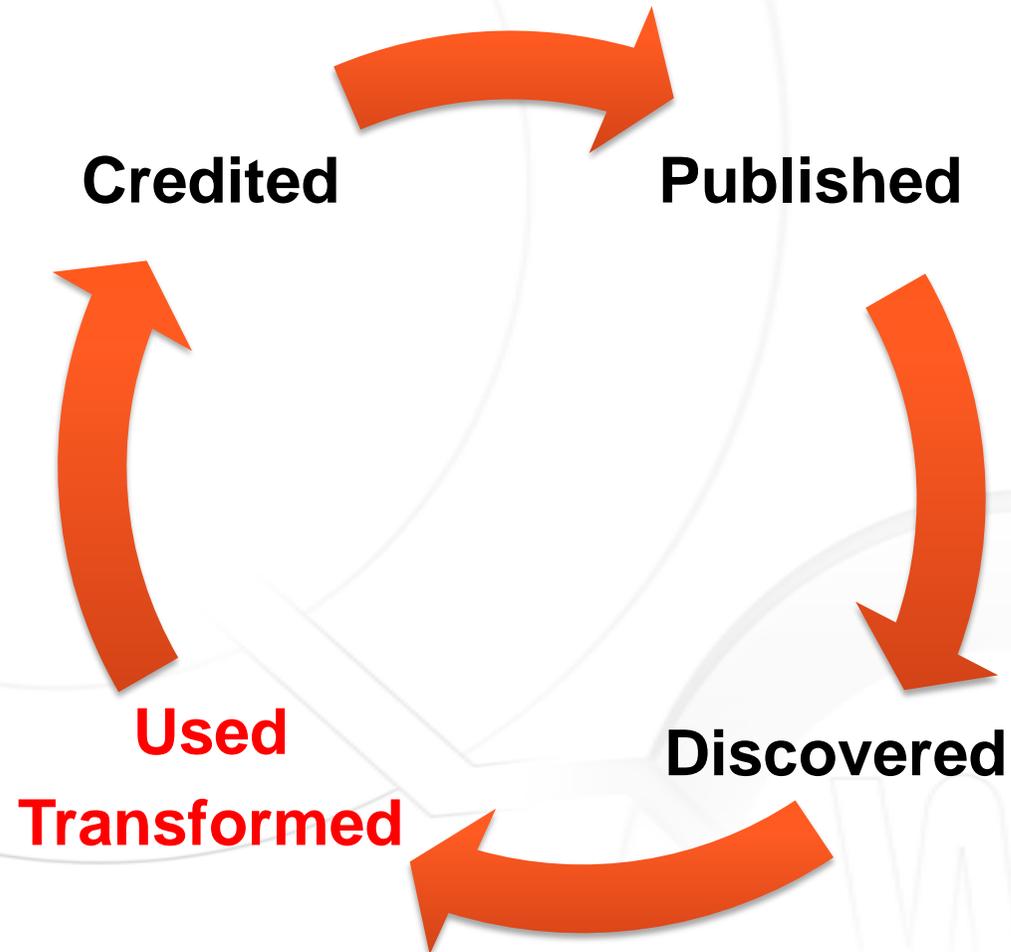
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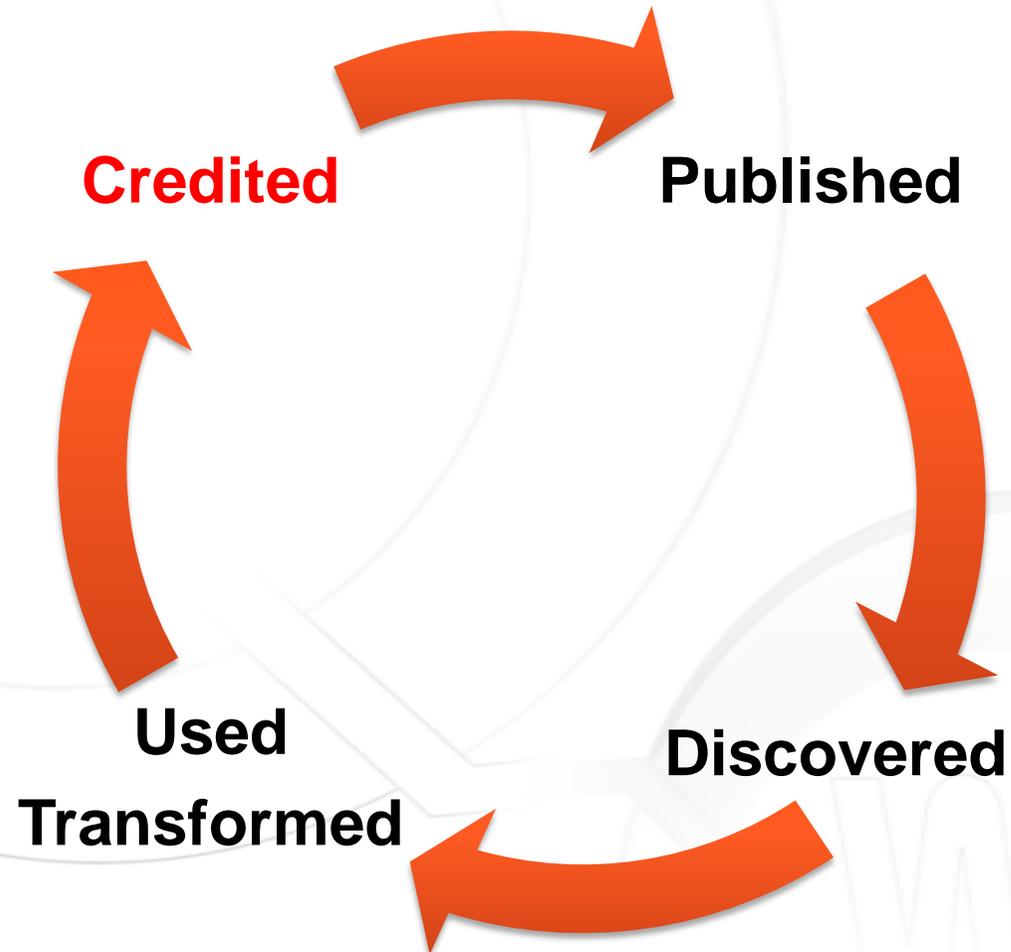
The **Service** Lifecycle



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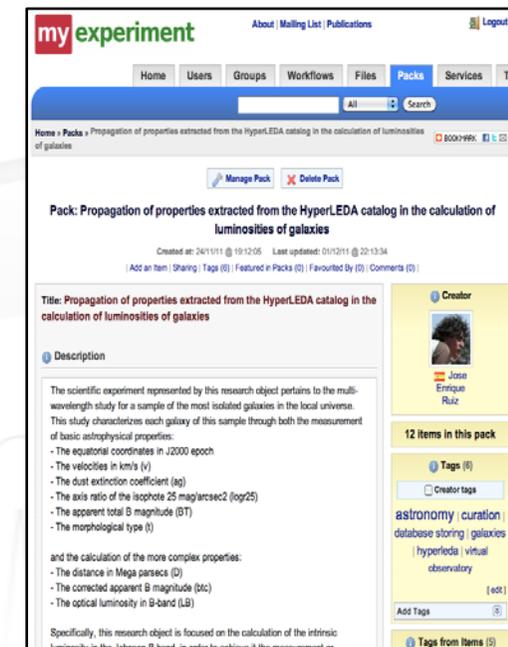
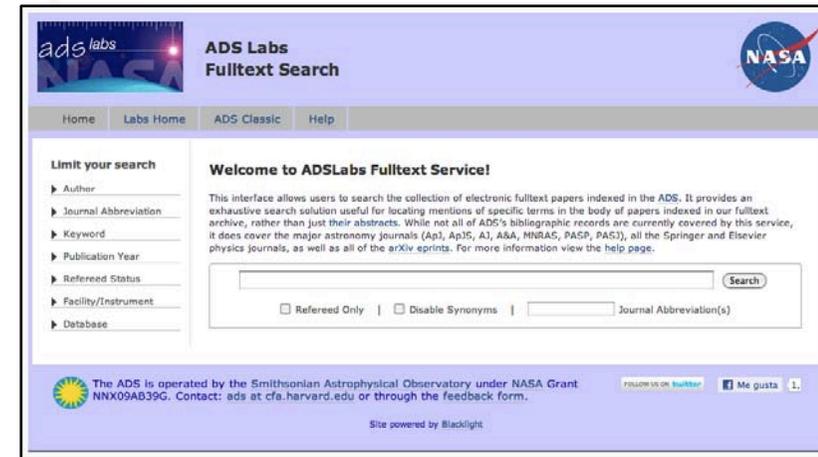


The **Service** Lifecycle



Credited

- **Linked to related Artefacts**
 - Data Facilities and Archives
 - Authors, ASCL Software, Wfs
- **Quality Assessment**
 - Technical and scientific
 - Penalize abandoned and award the maintained
- **Automate Monitoring (VOSI #availability)**
 - Decay
 - Performance, WS Analytics
 - Modifs. on interfaces, permissions, etc.
- **Community Curation**
 - Blogging
 - Recommendation
 - Folksonomy



In a cloud of web services and data..

Web Services should benefit of the same privileges acquired by Data until now.

Start thinking on how to provide

- **Detailed curation**
- **Thorough characterization**

